

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA 2011-2012





# **Financial Statements**

of the

Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Financial Year 2011-2012

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## **PREFACE**

I am pleased to present the Financial Statements of the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa for the year ended 30 June, 2012 together with the Auditors' Reports thereon.

The Financial Statements of the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa for the financial year 2011-12 have been prepared by the Accountant General Khyber Pakhtunkhwa under Section 5 of the Controller General of Accounts (Appointment, Functions and Powers) Ordinance, 2001 and are the responsibility of the Controller General of Accounts (CGA).

In response to the changing nature of stakeholders' requirements for making informed decision making based on financial information and developments in the public sector accounting standards, the role of CGA has transformed. Stakeholders now expect high quality, reliable and relevant financial reports and the focus of CGA is not limited to reporting historical results, but is now constantly moving towards enhancing public value, by providing the legislature and the executive through the Financial Statements an insight of the Government's financial performance.

In December 2000, Auditor General of Pakistan prescribed New Accounting Model (NAM) with the approval of the President of Pakistan under Article 170 of the Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan. NAM, which conforms to international best practices, comprises of seven volumes and is based on Modified Cash Basis of Accounting in which, though cash basis of accounting is followed, the following additional concepts were introduced:

- Commitment Accounting
- Physical and Financial Assets Accounting
- Liabilities Accounting

Commitment Accounting has been adopted since 2009-10 but assets and liability accounting practices are not yet implemented and these financial statements have been prepared on cash basis of accounting and do not include accrued receipts and liabilities.

The current year's Financial Statements have been prepared under NAM and the format of International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Cash Basis – Financial Reporting under the Cash Basis of Accounting has been adopted for the preparation of these Financial Statements.

These Financial Statements focus on reporting the budgetary activity of the Government for the financial year as laid down in the financial procedures of the Constitution which describes the Government as Provincial Consolidated Fund and Public Account for which Annual Budget Statement is authorized by Provincial Assembly in the form of Budgetary Grants.

Finally, it is important to emphasize the value of sustained and dedicated efforts towards excellence in public sector financial accounting and reporting. Moving forward, management and staff of CGA are working closely to address the challenges and issues which can limit the quality, transparency and reliability of financial reports. Through excellent financial reporting we are committed to support the decision making critical to the nation's fiscal future.

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Islamabad, Pakistan

Date:

**Controller General of Accounts** 



# **Auditor General of Pakistan**

Audit House, Constitution Avenue Islamabad, Pakistan

# **Auditor's Report**

The Department of the Auditor General of Pakistan has audited the accompanying Financial Statements of the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP), which comprise the statement of cash receipts and payments for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2012, statement of cash flows, statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts by function, statement of comparison of budget and actual expenditure by department for the year ended and summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

# Management's Responsibility

These Financial Statements have been prepared by the Accountant General Khyber Pakhtunkhwa on behalf of Controller General of Accounts, under Section 5 of the Controller General of Accounts (Appointment, Functions and Powers) Ordinance 2001. These Financial Statements are the responsibility of the Controller General of Accounts.

# Auditor's Responsibility

The responsibility of the Auditor General's office is to express an opinion on these financial Statements based on the audit in accordance with the requirement of Article 169 of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan read with Section 7 of the Auditor General's (Functions, Powers and Terms and Conditions of Service) Ordinance, 2001.

# Basis of Opinion

The audit was conducted in accordance with the auditing standards issued by the International Organization of Supreme Audit Institution. These standards require that audit is planned and performed to obtain reasonable assurance to the effect that the Financial Statements are free of material misstatement. The audit process includes examining, on a test check basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements. It also includes assessing the accounting principles used, as well as evaluating overall presentation of the Financial Statements. The audit results provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

# In our opinion:

- a). These Financial Statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2012, its cash flows, comparison of budget and actual amounts by function and comparison of budget and actual expenditure by department for the year then ended in accordance with the stated accounting policies of the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- b). The sums expended have been applied, in all material respects, for the purposes authorized by the Provincial Assembly.

# **Emphasis of Matter**

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to statement of cash receipts and payments and note 7.11 to the Financial Statements. Under IPSAS Cash Basis disclosure of third party payments is mandatory part of the General Purpose Financial Statements and should be disclosed separately on the face of the statement of cash receipts and payments of the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. The Government has disclosed third party payments partially on the basis that neither the Government has been formally advised by the third party or the recipient nor all such payments have otherwise been verified. The existing accounting and financial reporting system of the Government needs to be strengthened in order to validate third party payments.

# Other Reports

Date: 31-12-2012

Reports covering significant aspects of the financial governance or economical and effective utilization of public resources are submitted separately to the Governor under Article 171 of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan.

Sd/-x-x-x

Muhammad Akhtar Buland Rana Auditor General of Pakistan

# GOVERNMENT OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments For the Year Ended 30 June 2012

PROVINCIAL CONSOLIDATED FUND	Note	Ruj	012 pees lillion	201 Rupe in Milli	es
RECEIPTS	٠,	Receipt / Payment controlled by the Government	Receipt / Payment by Third Parties	Receipt / Payment controlled by the Government	Receipt / Payment by Third Parties
Taxation- Transfers from Federal Government	8	161,311	-	142,476	-
Taxation- Provincial Government's own collection	9	3,562		3,385	-
Non-Tax Revenue and Other Recelpts General Administration Economic Services Development Surcharge and Royalties Interest on Loans and Advances Dividend and Profit Share Others  Grants and Aid	10 11 12 13 14 15	1,734 1,595 17,592 208 28,308 1,880 51,317		1,407 1,418 15,470 93 32,523 1,213 52,124	
Borrowings Foreign Debt Domestic Debt	. 17 18	363 22 385	614	13,372 13 6	-
Capital Receipts Investment Recovery Recovery of Loans and Advances	19	7 37 44	-	3,152 3,152	-
Trading Activities	20	12,250	The state of the s	14,017	Market and the same of the sam
Receipts of District Governments	21	3,052	_	287	
TOTAL RECEIPTS		243,687	804	228,832	49

# GOVERNMENT OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments For the Year Ended 30 June 2012

	Note	2012 Rupees in Million		2011 Rupee in Millie	s	
PAYMENTS		Receipt / Payment controlled by the Government	Receipt / Payment by Third Parties	Receipt / Payment controlled by the Government	Receipt / Payment by Third Parties	
Operations						
Salaries and Employee Benefits	22	49,087		37,629		
Operating Expenses	23	51,475	704	30,544		
		100,562	704	68,173		
Transfers						
Grants, Subsidies and Write-off of Loans	24	32		1,450		
Other Transfer Payments		5,741	-	4,518	-	
		5,773	-	5,968	-	
Expenditure on						
Physical Assets	25	1,698	-	2,626		
Civil Works	26	35,925	100	38,776	-	
		37,623	100	41,402	-	
Debt and Interest Payments						
Principal Repayment of Debt	27	14,681	-	14,948	-	
Servicing of Debt	28	6,999	-	6,572		
		21,680	-	21,520	-	
Other Payments						
Loans and Advances Investments	29	4,788	-	2,457	- 1	
invesiments		7,096	-	5,900 8,357		
		11,004	-	6,301		
Payments of District Governments	30	72,959	-	55,637		
TOTAL PAYMENTS		250,481	- 804	201,057		
NET PAYMENT OF PROVINCIAL CONSOLIDATED FUND		(6,794)	•	. 27,775		
NET RECEIPT OF PUBLIC ACCOUNT	31	8,823	-	(5,937)	-	
INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH		2,029	#	21,838		
CASH AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		20,317	-	(1,521)	9	
INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH		2,029	-	21,838	-	
CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR	32	22,346	-	20,317	65	

The annexed notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

# GOVERNMENT OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 30 June 2012

	Note	2012 Rupees in Million	2011 Rupees in Million
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Taxation- Transfers from Federal Government	8	161,311	142,476
Taxation- Provincial Government's own collection	. 9	3,662	3,385
Non-Tax Revenue and Other Receipts		51,317	52.124
Grants and Aid - Receipts	16	11,856	13,372
Trading Activities - Receipts	20	12,250	14,017
Operations- Payments		(101,266)	(68,173)
Servicing of Debt - Payments	28	(6,999)	(6,572)
Transfers - Payments		(5,773)	(5,968)
Receipts of District Government	21	3,052	287
Payments of District Governments- Revenue Expenditure	30.1	(64,205)	(50,946)
Cash from Operating Activities		65,205	94,002
Investment Recovery Recovery of Loans and Advances Expenditure on Physical Assets Expenditure on Civil Works Payments of Loans and Advances Investments Payment of District Government - Capital Expenditure Cash used in Investing Activities	19 25 26 29 30.2	7 37 (1,698) (36,025) (4,788) (7,096) (8,754) (58,317)	3,152 (2,626) (38,776) (2,457) (5,900) (4,691) (51,298)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Receipt of Foreign Debt Receipt of Domestic Debt Principal Repayment of Debt Net Receipt of Public Account Cash from Financing Activities	17 18 27 31	977 22 (14,681) 8,823 (4,859)	13 6 (14,948) (5,937) (20,866)
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
DEGREE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2,029	21,838
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		20,317	(1,521)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	32	22,346	20,317

The annexed notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

# GOVERNMENT OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts by Function For the Year Ended 30 June 2012

	2012 (Rupees in Million )			2011	(Rupees in M	illion)
	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts Actual			Amounts	Actual
	Original	Revised	Amounts	Original	Revised	Amounts
RECEIPTS						
Revenue						
Taxation	181,650	176,935	164,973	154,191	145,586	145,861
Non-Taxation	63,933	80,214	75,423	48,695	66,819	79,513
Total revenue receipts	245,583	257,149	240,396	202,886	212,405	225,374
<u>Capital</u>				1		
Domestic Debt	- 1	9,500	22	-	3,000	. 6
Foreign Debt	3,318	1,108	977	4,988	4,175	13
Recoveries of Loans and Advances	249	249	37	400	250	3,152
Recoveries of Investments	1	1	7	-		- 1
Total capital receipts	3,568	10,858	1,043	5,388	7,425	3,171
Receipts of District Government	-	-	73,893			57,550
TOTAL RECEIPTS	249,151	268,007	315,332	208,274	219,830	286,095
PAYMENTS						
Revenue						
General Public Service	100,272	106,121	97,858	83,231	87,431	78,676
Public Order and Safety Affairs	23,217	26.990	25,318	24,802	25,534	21,435
Economic Affairs	12,809	13,857	12,400	11,288	12,218	9,815
Environment Protection	87	87	53	55	55	37
Housing and Community Amenities	2,065	2,065	1,882	2,089	2,089	1,463
Health Affairs and Services	7,330	9,804	9,043	6,342	7,923	7,241
Recreation, Culture and Religion	1,243	1,279	1,058	703	714	528
Education Affairs and Services	13,339	13,625	12,007	10,035	10,772	9,888
Social Protection	1,786	5,191	5,485	871	8,024	6,722
Total revenue payments	162,148	179,019	165,104	139,416	154,760	135,805
<u>Capital</u>						
General Public Service	31,290	31,297	25,376	23,055	23,239	20,129
Public Order and Safety Affairs	900	900	822	2,000	2,000	
Economic Affairs	104,826	112,194	27,422	101,370	109,588	27,823
Environment Protection	3,673	4,965	3,658	4,279	4,319	1,882
Housing and Community Amenities Health Affairs and Services	16,832	17,482	10,650	9,795	11,204	7,489
Recreation, Culture and Religion	5,025	5,528	4,210	3,786	3,835	2,406
Education Affairs and Services	11,554	13.850	10,703	10,022	10,141	6,974
Social Protection	109	746	593	10,022	10,141	20
Total capital payments	174,710	187,463	84,063	154,830	164,849	66,878
Payments of District Government	59,275	77,089	72,959	53,179	61,055	55,637
TOTAL PAYMENTS	396,133	443,571	322,126	347,425	380,664	258,320

The annexed notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

# GOVERNMENT OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Expenditure by Department For the Year Ended 30 June 2012

	2012	Rupees in	Million	25:		
DEPARTMENT			Willion	2011	Rupees in	Million
DEPARTMENT	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual
No	te Original	Revised	Amounts	Original	Revised	Amounts
Agriculture, Livestock & Cooperation	0.000	1				
Board of Revenue	2,835	2,846	2,246	2,504	3,561	3,005
Education	998	998	389	817	817	288
Environment, Forestry, Wild life	18,566	20,510	17,198	14,491	15,136	12,960
Excise and Taxation	1,875	2,033	1,832	1,445	1,631	1,430
Finance	102	102	79	58	91	81
Food	121,980	127,657	115,115	97,118	101,030	93,049
Health	81,247	81,247	4,167	81,570	81,570	8,454
Home and Tribal Affairs	15,300	16,383	16,270	12,958	14,272	11,314
Industries	20,495	24,162	22,659	22,517	23,047	19,248
Information	5,630	5,717	4,210	4,072	4,400	2,395
Irrigation and Power	257	266	201	167	167	103
Law -	7,522	7,837	10,507	6,215	9.530	7.318
High Court	713	809	615	542	542	480
Local Governance :	1,791	1,791	1,831	1,552	1,754	1,552
	22,899	23,159	18,018	16,325	16,795	11,211
Population, Planning and Welfare Department	353	352	296	12	496	587
Planning and Development	3,198	3,198	1,141	3,661	3,661	1.207
Provincial Assembly	325	395	354	324	324	302
Administration and Establishment	2,246	2,351	2,249	2,258	2,259	2,009
Works and Services	18,851	31,561	19,419	23,471	29,193	18,698
Zakat and Ushr	657	666	564	425	439	310
Science and Information Technology	395	395	287	247	247	127
Sports, Culture, Archeology & Museum	1,448	1,465	1,411	868	868	487
Augaf, Hajj, Religious and Minority Affairs	166	166	140	155	159	91
Inter Provincial Coodrination	20	21	19	18	19	17
Relief Rehabilitation and Settlement	909	4,315	4.385	234	7.379	5.884
Housing Department	5,910	5,910	3.440	12	12	12
Energy and Power	41	41	39	58	58	
Transport	129	129	86	152	152	14
	336,858	366,482	249,167	294,246	319,609	202,683
Expenditure of District Governments	E0 072		-	,	5.0,000	202,003
	59,275	77,089	72,959	53,179	61,055	55,637
TOTAL	396,133	443,571	322,126	347,425	380,664	258,320
			-	3.,,		200,320

The annexed notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

# GOVERNMENT OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA Notes to the Financial Statement For the Year Ended 30 June 2012

#### 1 REPORTING ENTITY

Provincial Government - Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (the Government) conducts its operations under the Rules of Business 1988. These rules were made pursuant to Article 139 of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, 1973(the Constitution) and envisages Provincial Government as comprising of departments and their attached departments. Financial procedures of the Constitution describes the Government as Provincial Consolidated Fund and Public Account of the Province for which Annual Budget Statement is authorized by the Provincial Assembly in the form of budgetary grants. These Financial Statements focus on reporting the budgetary activity of the Government for the financial year.

Article 170 of the Constitution confers the powers of defining the form, principles and methods of the accounts of the Province to the Auditor General of Pakistan, with the approval of the President. New Accounting Model was prescribed by the Auditor General of Pakistan in 2000 which describes Provincial Government as an accounting and reporting entity comprising of;

- a) Centralized Accounting Entities; for which the Accountant General KP has the primary responsibility for accounting and reporting.
- b) Self Accounting Entities; for which the Principal Accounting Officer has the primary responsibility for accounting and reporting. The Self Accounting Entities are as under:-
  - 1. Public Work Department-Works and Services, Irrigation & Public Health Engineering
  - 2. Environment/Forest/Wildlife Department
- c) Exempt Entities; special purpose authorities/ organizations and all the government owned corporations/ companies which are required to prepare their Financial Statements under their specific statute or Companies Ordinance, 1984 are classified as exempt entities. Financial Statements of these entities are not consolidated in the Financial Statements of the Provincial Government. New investments by the Provincial Government, if any, in the financial year to which they pertain. Return from these entities in the form of dividends or interest is classified as non-tax revenue.

District Governments were established under Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Local Government Ordinance, 2001,. The District Government consists of Zila Nazim and District Administration. Auditor General of Pakistan under section 114 of the said Ordinance prescribed Local Government Accounts Manual for District Governments. This Manual requires preparation of annual Finance and Appropriation Accounts by each District Government. District Governments Khyber Pakhtunkhwa prepare separate Financial Statements. Local Government Accounts Manual also requires that accounts of the District Governments are consolidated in the Financial Statements of the province. In these Financial Statements, accounts of the following District Governments have been consolidated.

- 1- District Government Peshawar
- 3- District Government Nowshera
- 5- District Government Charsadda
- 7- District Government Mardan
- 9- District Government Swabi
- 11- District Government Hangu
- 13- District Government Swat
- 15- District Government Malakand
- 17- District Government Chitral
- 19- District Government Dera Ismail Khan
- 21- District Government Shangla
- 23- District Government Dir Upper
- 25- District Government Tor Ghar

- 2- District Government Abbottabad
- 4- District Government Manshera
- 6- District Government Kohat
- 8- District Government Haripur
- 10- District Government Dir Lower
- 12- District Government Bannu
- 14- District Government Buner
- 16- District Government Battagram
- 18- District Government karak
- 20- District Government Tank
- 22- District Government Lakki Marwat
- 24- District Government Kohistan

These Financial Statements include all Centralized Entities, Self Accounting Entities and District Governments.

#### **2 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION**

The Financial Statements have been prepared by consolidating the accounts of all Centralized and Self Accounting Entities and twenty five (25) District Governments. Material Inter-governmental transactions such as transfers from Provincial Government-KP which comprises receipts of District Governments have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### **3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE**

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the New Accounting Model (NAM) which comprises of seven volumes. In December 2000, Auditor General of Pakistan prescribed NAM with the approval of the President of Pakistan under Article 170 of the Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan. Implementation of NAM is an ongoing process. Commitment Accounting has been adopted since 2009-10, however asset and liability accounting practices have not yet been implemented, memorandum registers for assets do not exists and accounting for liabilities is not done in accordance with NAM.

## 4 ACCOUNTING CONVENTION AND BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

These Financial Statements have been prepared under the Cash Basis of Accounting which recognizes transactions and events only when cash is received or paid by the entity. Assets and Liabilities in the disclosed notes are on a historical cost basis.

These Financial Statements have been prepared as per the requirements of NAM that supports international best practices. The statement of receipt and payments, statements of comparison of budget and actual amounts by function, statements of comparison of budget and actual expenditure by department and notes forming parts thereof have been prepared on the format of Cash Basis IPSAS - Financial Reporting under the Cash Basis of Accounting. The statement of cash flows as required by IPSAS 2- Cash Flow Statements has also been presented, as encouraged by Cash Basis IPSAS.

The Financial Statements for the financial year 2011-12 have been prepared and presented in order to make a fair presentation of all the relevant financial information without making any change in the fundamentals applied and all policies have been applied on a basis consistent with the previous year.

#### **5 REPORTING AND BUDGET PERIOD**

The reporting and budget period of these Financial Statements is the financial year 2011-12 (from 1 July, 2011 to 30 June, 2012).

#### **6 REPORTING CURRENCY**

The reporting currency of these Financial Statements is Pak Rupees which is Provincial Government's functional and presentation currency.

#### 7 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 7.1. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized on the date of receipt of money by the bank or clearance of cheque. Revenue is recognized on a gross basis and any related costs are recorded separately. Receipts representing recovery of any previous overpayment are adjusted against relevant expenditure, if it occurs in the same financial year.

#### 7.2. Recognition of expenditure

Expenditure is recognized on the date when payment is made or cheque is issued. Financial year to which the payments pertain is determined by the date on which a cheque or payment advice is issued. Policies for recognition of expenditure are as follows;

## a) Payments made through cheque

Expenditure is recognized on the date the cheque is issued.

#### b) Inter government transfers

Expenditure is recognized on the date the transfer is made by the transferor.

#### c) Payments directly in bank accounts

Direct payments into bank account, expenditure is recognized on the date the payment advice is issued to the bank.

## d) Direct payments by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP)

Repayment of loans and other direct payments by the SBP, expenditure is recognized on the date State Bank of Pakistan advises the relevant accounting office.

#### e) Imprest payments

Expenditure is recognized when the required claim vouchers are submitted and imprest account is reimbursed.

#### 7.3. Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in the books at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of transaction. Exchange differences arising on settlement of these transactions are recognized in the statement of cash receipts and payments, but are not been disclosed separately.

#### 7.4. Employee benefits

The government has following plans for its employees:

#### a) General Provident Fund

An employee is compulsory subscribed to the General Provident Fund from the date of appointment and monthly subscription is by way of deduction from monthly payroll at a uniform rate of subscription, as advised by the Government for a financial year as laid down in the Provident Fund Act (XIX of 1925) and General Provident Fund Rules. The Government pays interest on provident fund balance and is recorded as expenditure in the financial year.

#### b) Pension

The entitlement of Government employees to a stream of payments after they retire from service. No liability for pension is recognized in the Financial Statements and pension payments made during the year are recorded as expenditure.

#### c) Encashment of leave

This represents liability arising form entitlements to the various forms of leave earned by Government employees. No provision is made and the expenditure is recognized on the basis of payments made during the year.

#### 7.5. Investments

All investments made by the Government are initially measured at cost being the fair value of consideration given plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investments are carried at historical cost. Any dividends received against investments are recognized when received in the Provincial Consolidated Fund.

#### 7.6. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of Cash Flow Statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash with State Bank of Pakistan.

#### 7.7. Liability

Liabilities are future sacrifices of economic benefits that the government is presently obliged to make as a result of the past transaction. All liabilities are recorded at historical cash value.

#### 7.8. Public Debt

Public Debt comprise cash inflows from banks, similar lending agencies, commercial institutions and amounts owing in respect of non-cash assistance provided by third parties and foreign borrowings. All debts raised are classified as either floating or permanent debts depending on the nature of the transaction.

#### 7.9. Assets

Assets are future economic benefits controlled by the Government as a result of past transactions or other past events. Assets are recorded at cost and currently no depreciation is charged.

#### 7.10. Loan and advances

Loans and Advances include loans and advances due from autonomous bodies, financial and non-financial institutions, to Government servants for house building, purchase of conveyances and other loans. Loans to Government servants are interest bearing and interest is calculated in accordance with the General Financial Rules.

#### 7.11 Payments by third parties

The Government also benefits from goods and services purchased on its behalf as a result of cash payments made by the third parties during the period by way of loans and contributions, in the shape of grants and aid. The payments made by the third parties do not constitute cash receipts or payments controlled by the Government as defined in the Cash Basis IPSAS - Financial Reporting under the Cash Basis of Accounting but do benefit the Government, as the Government does not receive cash (including cash equivalents) directly from, or gain control of the bank accounts or similar facility established for its benefit, by the thrid parties. Payments by third parties are disclosed in the payments by third parties column on the face of statement of cash receipts and payments and notes to the Financial Statements.

			2011
		Rupees	Rupees
	Note	in Million	in Million
TAXATION - TRANSFER FROM FEDERAL			
GOVERNMENT			
Direct Taxes	1		
Income tax		F0 70 7	
Wealth Tax		58,735	53,166
Capital Value Tax		1	1
		10	72
		58,746	53,239
Indirect Taxes	1		
Sales tax		73,595	50.005
Custom duty		18,446	59,925
Federal excise			16,244
Federal excise on Natural Gas		9,350	11,970
		1,174	1,098
	L	102,565	89,237
		161,311	142,476
TAXATION - PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT'S OWN			
COLLECTION			
Direct Taxes	г		
Income tax - Agriculture		20	
Property Tax		196	444
Land Revenue		1,272	114
Tax on Profession, Trade and Callings		131	771
Capital Value Tax on Immoveable Property		240	98
.,,			248
Indirect Taxes		1,859	1,231
		-	
Receipts Under Motor Vehicles Act		865	875
Stamp Duties	1	591	409
Provincial Excise		27	23
Others Indirect Taxes		320	847
		1,803	2,154
	L		2,104
		3,662	2 205
OFNERAL ARABANA	:	0,00%	3,385
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION RECEIPTS			
Pinnel Admitstatus			
Fiscal Administration		111	101
Community Services		618	509
Social Services		273	239
Economic Regulations		13	14
Law and Order		702	524
Organs of State		17	20
	-	1,734	1,407
	=		1,797

11	ECONOMIC SERVICES RECEIPTS	Note	2012 Rupees in Million	2011 - Rupees in Million
	Cooperation, Irrigation, Embankment-Drainage		321	328
	Food and Agriculture		122	98
	Fisheries and Animal Husbandry		86	76
	Forest		892	778
	Others		174	138
			1,595	1,418
12	DEVELOPMENT SURCHARGE AND ROYALTIES			
	Development Surcharge on Gas	12.1	1.786	3,315
	Royalty on Crude Oil	12.2	11,652	8,341
	Royalty on Natural Gas	12.2	4,154	3,814
			17,592	15,470

- 12.1 The development surcharge on natural gas is levied under the Natural Gas Development Surcharge Ordinance, 1967. In pursuance of the said ordinance, the Federal Government has to fix the sale price for the consumers and prescribe a price for the gas companies. The difference between the two prices is the margin available to the Government as development surcharge. The surcharge on natural gas is transferred to the Provinces according to the production of gas in a province.
- 12.2 Royalty on crude oil and natural gas is received under Pakistan Petroleum Production Rules, 1949 at the rate of 12.5% on the well head value of production. Federal Government collects royalty on crude oil and natural gas which is transferred to the Provinces on well head production basis after deduction of 2% collection charges.

13	INTEREST ON LOANS AND ADVANCES	Note	2012 Rupees in Million	2011 Rupees in Million
	Interest on Domestic Loan Interest on Loans and Advances to Govt. Servants Loans and Advances - Others	13.1	152 3 53 208	1 3 89 93
13.1	Interest On Domestic Loan			
	Financial Institutions Non Financial Institutions		152 152	1 1
14	DIVIDEND AND PROFIT SHARE			
	Dividends Receipts Profit share	14.1 14.2	16 28,292 28,308	13 32,510 32,523
14.1	Dividends Receipts			
	Non-Financial Institution		16 16 2012	13 13 2011
		Note	Rupees in Million	Rupees in Million

14.2 Profit share	Note	2012 Rupees in Million	2011 Rupees in Million
Electricity		27,190	31,510
Others		1,102	1,000
		28,292	32,510
15 OTHER RECEIPTS			
Unclaimed deposits		204	130
Rent, Rates and Taxes		3	130
Receipts under the Mines, Oil-fields and Mineral		614	559
Arms License Fees		304	143
Recoveries of Overpayments		12	9
Tourism Receipts		12	
Sand and quarry fees		41	30
Recoveries made by NAB from defaulters		25	
Sugarcane development cess		72	21
Renewal of licenses of Private Security Co		3	-
5% Collection Charges on Federal Taxes Miscellaneous Receipts		3	2
miscellatieous necelpts		587	319
		1,880	1,213
16 GRANTS AND AID			Control of the Contro
16.1 Controlled by Govt:			
Development Grants		2.000	
Non-Development Grants		9,689	9,310
		1,977	4,062
16.2 Third Party Receipts		11,666	13,372
Development Grants			21
Dovelopment drains	,	190	
		190	-
17 FOREIGN DEBT - RECEIPTS			
17.1 Controlled by Govt:		-	
Foreign Lenders			13
Federal Government		363	-
	•	363	13
17.2 Third Darly Descipts	=		
17.2 Third Party Receipts			
Foreign Lenders		614	-
	=	614	•
18 DOMESTIC DEBT - RECEIPTS			
Permanent Debt	18.1	22	2
	10.1	22	6
19.1 This represents however for Fig. 1.0	=	44	0

<sup>18.1</sup> This represents borrowings from Federal Government. Repayment period and interest rate for these borrowings is determined in accordance with terms and conditions of each loan.

19	RECOVERY OF LOANS AND ADVANCES	Note	2012 Rupees in Million	2011 Rupees in Million
	Financial Institution Non-Financial Institution Government Servants		5 1 31 37	3,010 121 21 3,152
20	TRADING ACTIVITIES - RECEIPTS	:		3,132
	Sale of wheat		12,250 12,250	14,017 14,017
21	RECEIPTS OF DISTRICT GOVERNMENT	:		
	Indirect Taxes Receipts from Civil Administration and Other Functions Grants from Provincial Government Miscellaneous Receipts Loans and Advances		32 249 70,841 2,765 6	24 209 57,263 50 4
	Less: Grants from Provincial Government - KP	21.1	73,893 (70,841) 3,052	57,550 (57,263) 287

21.1 Grants received from Provincial Government - KP have been eliminated against transfers to District Governments, while consolidating these accounts, in order to avoid the duplicate effect of receipts and payments.

22 SALARIES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	Note	2012 Rupees in Million	2011 Rupees in Million
Pay of Officers Pay of Other Staff Allowances Retirement Benefits  23 OPERATING EXPENSES		4,165 11,854 17,769 15,299 49,087	2,532 7,451 17,119 10,527 37,629
23.1 Controlled by Govt:  Research Surveys and Exploratory Operations Communication Utilities Occupancy Costs Motor Vehicles Travel and Transporation Scholarships, Bonuses and Other Awards Entertainments and Gifts Commodity Purchases (State Trading) Repair & Maintenance General Operating Expenses		32 144 1,322 95 15 2,931 83 90 38 3,260 43,465 51,475	608 140 885 146 6 2,287 43 81 4,867 2,517 18,964
23.2 Third Party Payments		31,475	30,544
General Operating Expenses		704 704	9

24	GRANTS, SUBSIDIES AND WRITE-OFF OF LOANS Grants, Subsidies and Write-off of Loans Less: Transfers to District Governments	Note 21.2	2012 Rupees in Million 70,873 (70,841)	2011 Rupees in Million 58,713 (57,263) 1,450
25	PHYSICAL ASSETS			
26	Feasibility Studies Purchase of Building Computer Equipment Other Stores and Stocks Purchase of Transport Purchase of Plant & Machinery Purchase of Furniture and Fixtures Purchase of Other Assets  CIVIL WORKS		847 3 28 - 482 288 44 6 1,698	566 17 3 1,289 158 78 515
	Controlled by Govt:  Roads, Highways and Bridges Irrigation Works Embankments and Drainage Works Building and Structure Other Works Draught Emergency Relief Assistance		4,132 2,532 - 23,928 5,328 5 35,925	8,477 2,485 291 22,533 4,948 42 38,776
26.2	Third Party Payments			
27	Other Works PRINCIPAL REPAYMENT OF DEBT		100	
	Foreign Debt  Domestic Debt	27.1	3,578 11,103 14,681	3,080 11,868 14,948
27.1	Domestic Debt			
	Permanent Debt Floating Debt		1,603 9,500 11,103	4,743 7,125 11,868
28	SERVICING OF DEBT			
	Federal Government  Domestic Loans		6,304 695 6,999	6,022 550 <b>6,572</b>

		Note	2012 Rupees In Million	2011 Rupees in Million
29	LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Financial Institutions Government Employees	29.1	4,700 88 4,788	2,400 57 <b>2,457</b>
29.1	Government Employees			
	House Building Advance Motor Car Advance		73 15 88	43 14 57
	Advances to government employees are provide Financial Rules as per their entitlements.	d according to Rule 25	52, 253, 256, 262 and	
		Note	2012 Rupees in Million	2011 Rupees in Million
30	PAYMENTS OF DISTRICT GOVERNMENTS			
ree (**	Revenue Expenditure Capital Expenditure	30.1 30.2	64,205 8,754 72,959	50,946 4,691 55,637
30.1	Revenue Expenditure	=		33,037
	General Public Service Defense Services Public Order and Safety Affairs Economic Affairs Environment Protection Housing and Community Amenities Health Affairs and Services Recreation, Culture and Religion Education Affairs and Services Social Protection		2,923 35 4,738 33 3,111 7,238 48 45,173 906 64,205	2,255 1 26 3,999 27 2,399 5,537 41 36,507 154 50,946
30.2	Capital Expenditure	<b>=</b>	:	The second secon
	General Public Service Public Order and Safety Affairs Economic Affairs Environment Protection Housing and Community Amenities Health Recreation Culture and Religion Education Affairs and Services Social Protection		5,761 141 151 131 2,523 1 19 9 18	2,345 1 882 73 1,327 3 9 23 28

		Note	2012 Rupees in Million	2011 Rupees in Million
31	NET RECEIPT / (PAYMENT) OF PUBLIC ACCOUNT			
	Receipts			
	Trust & other Public Accounts Special Deposits State Provident Fund		319,660 19,203 12,368 351,231	184,999 15,447 8,473 208,919
	Payments		1	200,010
	Trust & other Public Accounts Special Deposits State Provident Fund	·	(317,497) (17,246) (7,665) (342,408)	(196,139) (12,792) (5,925) (214,856)
			8,823	(5,937)

31.1 The public Account consists of those moneys received by the Government for which it has a fiduciary duty, but not at liberty to appropriate for the general services of the Government, unless provided under an Act of Provincial Assembly or rules made by Governor. The balances in the Public Account are carried forward at year end, to be used for the specific purpose for which they are established.

			2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
		Note	in Million	in Million
32	CASH AND BANK			
	Provincial Government Balance	32.1	21,889	20,495
	District Government Balance	-	457	(178)
		-	22,346	20,317
32.1	Provincial Government's Balance			
	Public Account Balance		59,276	50,154
	Consolidated Fund Balance		(37,387)	(29,659)
			21,889	20,495
33	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
	Assets			
	Long Term Assets		281,960	235,481
	Investments		27,037	19,950
	Loans and Advances		5,867	1,160
	Current Assets		6,584	2,243
	Cash and Bank		22,346	20,317
		33.1	343,794	279,151
	Liabilities and equity			
	Public Debt	34	9,707	23,389
	Special Deposits and Trust Accounts		39,519	31,187
	Deferred Liabilities		28,809	24,019
	Residual Equity		265,759	200,556
		33.1	343,794	279,151

33.1 These Financial Statements have been prepared under the cash basis of accounting, the information of assets and liability have been presented which are not mandatory disclosures as per IPSAS Cash Basis.

34	PUBLIC DEBT	Note	2012 Rupees in Million	2011 Rupees in Million
	Domestic Debt			
	Government Securities Opening Balance Add: Debt Receipts Less: Principal Repayments of Debt Closing Balance	18 27.1	(10,703) 22 (11,103) (21,784)	1,159 6 (11,868) (10,703)
	Foreign Debt Opening Balance Add: Debt Receipts Less: Principal Repayments of Debt Closing Balance	17 27	34,092 977 (3,578) 31,491	37,159 13 (3,080) 34,092
			9,707	23,389

34.1 The amount of foreign debt is recorded in Pak Rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of transaction, which is the historical cash value. The foreign debt has not been revalued at the year end in accordance with Government policy stated in note 7.7, nor any foreign debt revaluation exchange differences have been recognized in the Financial Statement except for principal repayment of foreign debt.

# 35 COMPARISION OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS

The approved budget is developed on the same accounting basis (cash basis), functional classification basis and for the same period as for the Financial Statements. It encompasses the same entities as that Financial Statements- as identified in note 1 above.

The Statements of Comparison of Budgeted and Actual Amounts by Function and Actual Expenditure by Department are presented on a gross basis. Grants received by District Governments from Provincial Government-KP have been eliminated against transfers to District Governments in Statement of Cash receipts and payments as explained in note 2 and 21.1 for which a reconciliation is presented below.

	Note	2012 Rupees In Million	2011 Rupees in Million
Receipts			
Actual Receipts in Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts by Function		245 222	***
Less : Grants from Provincial Government - KP	21	315,332	286,095
Control Contro	Æ !	(70,841)	(57,263)
Actual Receipts in Statement of Cash Receipts and		Secretary and the common terrory and the common terrory	
Payments		244,491	228,832
Payments	•		
Actual payments in Statements of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts by Function and Actual Expenditure by Department			
•		322,126	258,320
Less: Transfers to District Governments	24	(70,841)	(57,263)
Actual payments in Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments	s	251,285	201,057
Actual payments in Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments	s	251,285	201,0

#### 36 AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

Under section 7 of the Auditor General's (Functions, Powers and Terms and Conditions of Service) Ordinance, 2001, read with Article 171 of the Constitution, the Auditor General submits the certified Financial Statements of the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa together with the audit reports on these Financial Statements to the Governor of the province who shall cause them to be laid before the Provincial Assembly. These Financial Statements have been authorized for issue on \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### 37 GENERAL

#### 37.1 Level of Precision

Figures in these consolidated Financial Statements have been rounded off to the nearest million of rupees, unless otherwise stated.

#### 37.2 Corresponding Figures

Corresponding figures, wherever necessary, have been rearranged and reclassified for the purposes of comparison.